Prenatal Supervision



Triple Diagnosis

AFP, HCG and Free Estriol are especially useful in the context of Triple-Diagnosis for providing a risk evaluation for Down-Syndrome, Turner-Syndrome, Trisomie 18 and Triploidie, as well as neural tract and abdominal wall defects.

Free Estriol

- Standard range: 0,3 40 ng/ml
- Short incubation time: (90 min. at RT)
- Sensitivity: ≤ 0,2 ng/ml

HCG

- Standard range: 5 1000 µ/ml
- Short incubation time: (40 min. at RT)
- Sensitivity: ≤ 2 µ/ml

AFP

- Standard range: 10 160 μ/ml
- Short incubation time: (40 min. at RT)
- Sensitivity: ≤ 0,2 µ/ml

First Trimester Down Syndrome

PAPP-A has been found to be the best marker for down Syndrome screening in the first trimester (10.-13. week of pregnancy). In combination with free B-HCG and the determination of nuchal translucency a detection rate of 89 % with a false positive rate of only 5 % is achieved.

PAPP-A

CE

(Pregnancy Associated Plasma Protein A)

- Standard range: 0 60 µg/ml
- Incubation time: 2 x 30 min. / 15 min.

Free B-HCG*

- Standard range: 2.5 200 ng/ml
- Short incubation time: 80 min.
- Sensitivity: 0.2 ng/ml
- *) Not available in USA, EU

HPL

- Standard range: 1,25 20 mg/l
- Short incubation time: (40 min. at RT)
- Sensitivity: ≤ 0,3 mg/l

New

PLGF

PLGF (Placenta Growth Factor) a new marker for

Preeclampsia

Preeclampsia is a common hypertensive disorder of pregnancy characterized by systemic endothelial dysfunction and diagnosed by the appearance of hypertension and proteinuria. Potentially life-threatening complications of preeclampsia include seizures, cerebral hemorrhage, disseminated intravascular coagulation, and renal failure.

- Standard range: 25 1000 pg/ml
- Incubation time: 2 h 30 min.
- Sample: 25 µl Serum
- Sensitivity: < 1.062 pg/ml
- Cut off: 15 18WOP*
 - < 42 pg/ml
- *) WOP = week of pregnancy

